

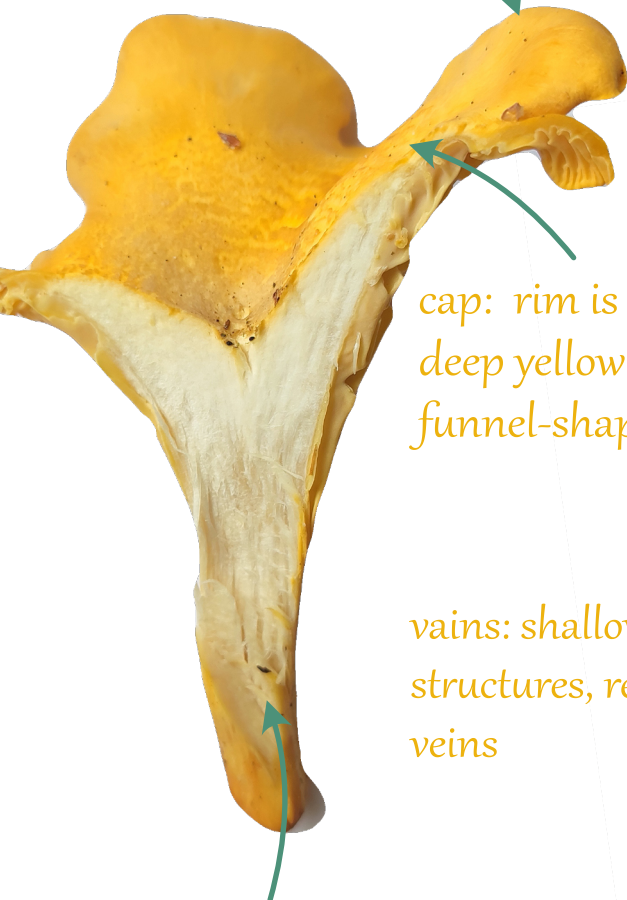
CHANTERELLE MUSHROOMS



Cantharellus cibarius
 Cantharellus amethysteus, Cantharellus lateritius,
 Cantharellus eneleus



smell: fruity,
 apricot-like aroma



cap: rim is all ruffled and wavy
 deep yellow to a lemon-yellow,
 funnel-shaped appearance.

vains: shallow, fork-like
 structures, resembling
 veins

flesh: full and firm,
 displaying a pale yellow
 to whitish color



stem: smooth,
 without a ring,
 and appears
 full and firm

Cap	The cap of the Golden Chanterelle measures 2-8 (10) cm in diameter, displaying hues deep yellow to a lemon-yellow, funnel-shaped appearance.
Veins/ Ridges	Veins or ridges on the chanterelle mushroom are shallow, fork-like structures, unlike true gills, resembling veins more than traditional gill formations.
Flesh	The flesh of the golden chanterelle is full and firm, displaying a pale yellow to whitish color.
Stem	The stem of the mushroom is smooth, without a ring, and appears full and firm.
Smell	Fruity, apricot-like aroma.
Habitat	In mixed forests, the golden chanterelle forms a symbiotic relationship with trees and can be found growing abundantly from spring to late autumn.

Possible Confusion:	False Chanterelle (<i>Hygrophoropsis Aurantiaca</i>) - it has real gills Aphrodita mushroom (<i>Aphoditeola Olida</i>) - has a more pink hue, real gills and smells like candy. It is a poisonous mushroom and can be confused with the chanterelle when young. Jack-o'-lantern (<i>Omphalotus olearius</i>) - this poisonous mushroom, found mainly in the Mediterranean region, orange-red colour. Its flesh is orange.
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